GAMER MOTIVATION MODEL
REFERENCE SHEETS & DETAILS
An Empirical Model
Our motivation model (next slide) was developed via established psychometric techniques, such as factor analysis—a statistical method that identifies how variables cluster together.

A Unique Data Set
Over 1.25M gamers worldwide have participated in our Gamer Motivation Profile, providing data on their motivations, demographics, and their favorite games.

Actionable Insights
Our data links game titles/franchises with demographic and motivation variables, allowing us to analyze the motivations of game audiences to produce data-driven insights.

Our Expertise in Gamer Motivation Research
For over a decade, Nick Yee and Nic Ducheneaut have been studying the motivations and behavior of gamers. They have over 40 peer-reviewed papers on gaming and virtual worlds. Nick Yee’s paper on the motivations of online gamers has been cited over 4,000 times.
## QUANTIC FOUNDRY’S GAMER MOTIVATION MODEL BASED ON DATA FROM OVER 1.25M VIDEO GAMERS REVEALED 6 KEY PAIRS OF MOTIVATIONS

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Find detailed description of each motivation in the appendix at the end of this report.
**AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL, THERE ARE 3 MOTIVATION CLUSTERS. AND THIS GROUPING MAKES IT EASIER TO QUICKLY INTERPRET PROFILES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Social</th>
<th>Mastery</th>
<th>Achievement</th>
<th>Immersion</th>
<th>Creativity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Boom!&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;Let’s Play&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;Let Me Think&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;I Want More&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;Once Upon a Time&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;What If?&quot;</td>
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Action-Social is about immediacy and adrenaline rushes. Gamers who score high on these motivations want to be excited, whether by the game itself or by interacting with other players. An apt adjective for this cluster might be “BRIGHT”.

Mastery-Achievement is about cool-headed, long-term gaming. It seeks out gradual and cumulative mechanics, watching cities/farms grow over time. An apt adjective for this cluster might be “TALL”.

Immersion-Creativity is about play in the broadest sense of the world. It seeks out expansive and expressive play styles. It is curious and always testing the boundaries of the game. An apt adjective for this cluster might be “WIDE”.

Action

"Boom!"

Social

"Let’s Play"

Mastery

"Let Me Think"

Achievement

"I Want More"

Immersion

"Once Upon a Time"

Creativity

"What If?"
A QUICK PRIMER ON INTERPRETING THE MOTIVATION PROFILE CHARTS IN THIS REPORT

Percentile Ranks

Imagine if we went to a school of 1,000 students and arranged everyone in a row by height. Every student would have a percentile rank—the % of students they are taller than.

So the student right in the middle would be 50th %-tile (the average). And a student at the 10th %-tile is taller than 10% of the student body, but shorter than 90% of the student body.

The Motivation Chart

The chart in each audience report provides the percentile rank for each motivation for the target game audience--i.e., if this game audience were an individual gamer, where would they fall in the full data set?

The line in the middle represents the average gamer (the 50th %-tile) in our full data set.

Thus a Power score of 35% is moderately below average. If this game audience were an individual gamer, they would score higher than 35% of gamers on Power, but lower than 65% of gamers.

As a whole, the chart visualizes the motivations that are disproportionately important and unimportant for this audience, relative to other gamers.
Here are two things to keep in mind when interpreting Audience Reports:

- **Low Scores Are Just as Important as High Scores**: It’s easy to pay more attention to high scores, but what people dislike can be just as strong a motivator and driver of behavior.

- **Comparison Against The Norm**: We’ll focus on how each player segment compares against the average gamer to highlight the differentiating features. In the motivation charts, the 50% line indicates the average among our sample of over 1.25 million gamers.
APPENDIX

DETAILS OF MOTIVATIONS & METHODOLOGY
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Destruction</th>
<th>Excitement</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gamers who score high on this component are <strong>agents of chaos and destruction</strong>. They love having many tools at their disposal to blow things up and cause relentless mayhem. They enjoy games with lots of guns and explosives. They gravitate towards titles like <em>Call of Duty</em> and <em>Battlefield</em>. And if they accidentally find themselves in games like <em>The Sims</em>, they are the ones who figure out innovative ways to get their Sims killed.</td>
<td>Gamers who score high on this component enjoy games that are <strong>fast-paced, intense, and provide a constant adrenaline rush</strong>. They want to be surprised. They want gameplay that is full of action and thrills, and rewards them for rapid reaction times. While this style of gameplay can be found in first-person shooters like <em>Halo</em>, it can also be found in games like <em>Street Fighter</em> and <em>Injustice</em>, as well as energetic platformers like <em>BIT.TRIP RUNNER</em>.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Competition
Gamers who score high on this component enjoy competing with other players, often in **duels, matches, or team-vs-team scenarios**.

Competitive gameplay can be found in titles like *Starcraft*, *League of Legends*, or the PvP Battlegrounds in *World of Warcraft*. But competition isn't always overtly combative; competitive players may care about being acknowledged as the best healer in a guild, or having a high ranking/level on a Facebook farming game relative to their friends.

### Community
Gamers who score high on Community enjoy **socializing and collaborating with other people** while gaming. They like chatting and grouping up with other players.

This might be playing *Portal 2* with a friend, playing *Mario Kart* at a party, or being part of a large guild/clan in an online game. They enjoy being part of a team working towards a common goal. For them, games are an integral part of maintaining their social network.
**Challenge**

Gamers who score high on Challenge enjoy playing *games that rely heavily on skill and ability*. They are persistent and take the time to practice and hone their gameplay so they can take on the most difficult missions and bosses that the game can offer.

These gamers play at the highest difficulty settings and don’t mind failing missions repeatedly in games like *Dark Souls* because they know it’s the only way they’ll master the game. They want gameplay that constantly challenges them.

**Strategy**

Gamers who score high on this component enjoy games that require *careful decision-making and planning*. They like to think through their options and likely outcomes. These may be decisions related to balancing resources and competing goals, managing foreign diplomacy, or finding optimal long-term strategies.

They tend to enjoy both the tactical combat in games like *XCOM* or *Fire Emblem*, as well as seeing their carefully-devised plans come to fruition in games like *Civilization*, *Cities: Skylines*, or *Europa Universalis*. 
Gamers with high Completion scores want to **finish everything the game has to offer**. They try to complete every mission, find every collectible, and discover every hidden location.

For some players, this may mean completing every listed achievement or unlocking every possible character/move in a game. For gamers who score high on Design, this may mean collecting costumes and mounts in games like *World of Warcraft*.

Gamers who score high on this component strive for **power in the context of the game world**. They want to become as powerful as possible, seeking out the tools and equipment needed to make this happen.

This may mean maxing stats or acquiring the most powerful weapons. Power and Completion often together, but some players enjoy collecting cosmetic items without caring about power, and some players prefer attaining power through strategic optimization rather than grinding.
### IMMERSION CLUSTER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fantasy</th>
<th>Story</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gamers who score high on Fantasy want their gaming experiences to allow them to <strong>become someone else, somewhere else</strong>. They enjoy the sense of being immersed in an alter ego in a believable alternate world, and enjoy exploring a game world just for the sake of exploring it. These gamers enjoy games like <em>Skyrim</em>, <em>Fallout</em>, and <em>Mass Effect</em> for their fully imagined alternate settings.</td>
<td>Gamers who score high on Story want games with <strong>elaborate storylines and a cast of multidimensional characters</strong> with interesting back-stories and personalities. They take the time to delve into the back-stories of characters in games like <em>Dragon Age</em> and <em>Mass Effect</em>, and enjoy the elaborate and thoughtful narratives in games like <em>The Last of Us</em> and <em>BioShock</em>. Gamers who score low on Story tend to find dialogue and quest descriptions to be distracting and skip through them if possible.</td>
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</table>
### CREATIVITY CLUSTER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Discovery</th>
<th>Design</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gamers who score high on Discovery are <strong>constantly asking “What if?”</strong> For them, game worlds are fascinating contraptions to open up and tinker with. In an MMO, they might swim out to the edge of the ocean to see what happens. In <em>MineCraft</em>, they might experiment with whether crafting outcomes differ by the time of day or proximity to zombies. They “play” games in the broadest sense of the word, often in ways not intended or imagined by the game’s developers.</td>
<td>Gamers who score high on this component want to <strong>actively express their individuality</strong> in the game worlds they find themselves in. In games like <em>Mass Effect</em>, they put a lot of time and effort in the character creation process. In city-building games or space strategy games, they take the time to design and customize exactly how their city or spaceships look. To this end, they prefer games that provide the tools and assets necessary to make this possible and easy to do.</td>
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</table>
The motivation factors in our model are spectrums. In the same way that Introverts don’t have “less personality” than Extraverts, scoring low on a motivation doesn’t necessarily mean these gamers don’t have equally strong preferences.

The following charts provide additional details on each motivation:

- What does scoring low on each motivation mean?
- What are the anchors on both ends of each motivation spectrum?
- What are examples of games that have high and low scores for each motivation?
## ACTION-SOCIAL SPECTRUMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preferences</th>
<th>Games Examples</th>
<th>Motivation</th>
<th>Game Examples</th>
<th>Preferences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Independence</td>
<td>Lego Harry Potter, Hatoful Boyfriend, Farm Heroes Saga</td>
<td>Community</td>
<td>Destiny, Battlefield, Final Fantasy XIV, Rainbow Six Siege,</td>
<td>Teamwork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Adversarial</td>
<td>Myst, Gone Home, Dragon Age II, Lego Dimensions</td>
<td>Competition</td>
<td>League of Legends, DotA 2, Call of Duty, CS:GO</td>
<td>High Conflict</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calm</td>
<td>Civilization, Myst, Master of Orion II, Europa Universalis</td>
<td>Excitement</td>
<td>CS:GO, Call of Duty, Super Smash Bros. Melee</td>
<td>Thrilling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enduring</td>
<td>Professor Layton, Myst, Animal Crossing, Harvest Moon</td>
<td>Destruction</td>
<td>Halo, Call of Duty, Destiny 2, Battlefield</td>
<td>Chaotic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## MASTERY-Achievement SPECTRUMS

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Game Examples</th>
<th>Preferences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Self-Driven</strong></td>
<td>RimWorld, Victoria II, Kerbal Space Program, Cities: Skylines</td>
<td><strong>Completion</strong></td>
<td>Dragon Nest, Aura Kingdom, Lego Dimensions, Final Fantasy</td>
<td><strong>Task-Oriented</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Source of Goals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Complete tasks/quests. Collect stars/trophies and collectibles.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flat Progression</strong></td>
<td>Night in the Woods, The Longest Journey, Ico, 80 Days, Her Story</td>
<td><strong>Power</strong></td>
<td>World of Warcraft, League of Legends, Diablo III, Summoners War</td>
<td><strong>Progression-Based</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Growth</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Start weak and grind. Level up character/stats. Upgrade weapons/spells.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spontaneous</strong></td>
<td>The Sims, Disney Emoji Blitz, Mario Kart Wii, Covet Fashion</td>
<td><strong>Strategy</strong></td>
<td>StarCraft II, Crusader Kings II, Europa Universalis IV, Stellaris, Eve Online</td>
<td><strong>Contemplative</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Decision Complexity</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Think. Plan. Complex decisions. Consider consequences.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Easy Fun</strong></td>
<td>Oxenfree, Stardew Valley, The Longest Journey, Animal Crossing</td>
<td><strong>Challenge</strong></td>
<td>Super Smash Bros. Melee, DotA, osu!, Street Fighter V</td>
<td><strong>Skill-Based</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Skill Improvement</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Steep learning curve. Complex moves/rules. Difficult missions, bosses.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Creativity-Immersion Spectrums

<table>
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</table>
| **Generic/Abstract** Generic or abstract setting. 2D/retro graphics. Minimal world-building/lore. | Counter-Strike, Street Fighter, Candy Crush Saga, World of Tanks | **Fantasy**  
  Suspending Disbelief | Mass Effect, Dragon Age, Star Wars: KOTOR, Fallout | **Deep Lore**  
| **Open-Ended**      No overarching narrative. Basic/stock NPCs. Blank canvas to build on. | Factorio, SimCity, Transport Tycoon, Quake III Arena | **Story**  
  Web of Human Drama | Mass Effect, Dragon Age, Life is Strange, Persona 4 | **Scripted Drama**  
  Elaborate narrative arc. Large cast of characters with motive/personality. |
| **Practical**       Fully-exposed rulesets. Minimal unknown variables and possible interactions. | FIFA, Call of Duty, Mahjong, Scrabble | **Discovery**  
  The Unknowns | The Elder Scrolls, Riven, Fallout, Legend of Zelda | **Curious**  
| **Curated**         Fixed, but often highly stylized avatar. None or few customization opportunities. | Braid, Spelunkery, Super Meat Boy, Super Mario Galaxy 2 | **Design**  
  Expressing Individuality | Guild Wars 2, The Sims, The Elder Scrolls Online, Animal Crossing | **Customizable**  
  Express individuality. Customize avatar/house. Lots of skins/accessories. |
HOW WE CREATED THE MOTIVATION MODEL

Literature Review
Underlying inventory items were generated based on a literature review of models and frameworks used in academia and industry. These include:
• Intuition/Observational models (e.g., Bartle's Player Types)
• Theory-driven models (e.g., PENS based on Self-Determination Theory)
• Factor analytic models (e.g., Sherry’s Uses & Gratifications Model).

Factor Analysis
Factor analysis provides an empirical method for understanding how gaming preferences cluster together—which motivations are related and which motivations are relatively independent.

Data Collection & Model Iteration
We created an online app that allows gamers to take a 5-minute survey and receive a personalized motivation profile. We used factor analysis to iterate on inventory items until stable factors emerged and multiple high-loading inventory items were identified for each factor.

Validity
The assessment tool used for these motivations has high internal reliability (Cronbach’s Alpha of .75 or higher), high test-retest reliability (r = .73), and correlates moderately well with theoretically-aligned personality traits on the Big 5 (a standardized personality assessment model used broadly in psychology research).
1.25M+ Gamers (unique IP addresses)
- Gender: 74% Male / 22% Female / 3% Non-Binary
- Age: Median = 23, Range = 13-85
- Gamer Type: Casual 12% / Core 69% / Hardcore 19%

Gamers recruited via Gamer Motivation Profile
- Participants took a 5-minute survey to receive a customized report of their gaming motivations, and then could share their profile via social media.
- No other incentive (financial or otherwise) was provided to respondents.
- ~80% of our gamers were recruited via social media sharing of the gaming motivation profiles.

Geographic distribution
- North America (33%), Western Europe (14%), East Asia (10%), SE Asia (4.8%), South America (4.6%), Eastern Europe (4.3%), Scandinavia (3.7%), Australasia (3.7%), Southern Europe (3.5%), Central America (1.1%). All other regions < 1%.